

Disability In The Ottoman Arab World 150 Free

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Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500–1800 (Cambridge ...

‘ Disability ’ has to do with physical impairment. Over the last decade, however, the scope of research has broadened: currently social constructs or cultural sig

Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500–1800 By Sara ...

Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500-1800. Sara Scalenghe. Physical, sensory, and mental impairments can influence an individual's status in society as much as the more familiar categories of gender, class, religion, race, and ethnicity. This was especially true of the early modern Arab Ottoman world, where being judged able or disabled impacted every aspect of a person's life, including performance of religious ritual, marriage, job opportunities, and the ability to buy and sell property.

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Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500–1800

Cambridge Core - History of Medicine - Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500–1800

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David M. Turner, Review of Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500-1800, in *Disability & Society* (2015)

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DISABILITY IN THE OTTOMAN ARAB WORLD, 1500-1800 Sara Scalenghe New York:

Cambridge University Press, 2014 (xiv + 203 pages, bibliography, index) \$90.00 (cloth)

Reviewed by Beverly Tsacoyianis Sara Scalenghe's fascinating new book is a groundbreaking addition to a field still in its infancy: disability history in the Arab world. Based in part on

DISABILITY IN THE OTTOMAN ARAB WORLD,

Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500–1800., *The American Historical Review*, Volume 120, Issue 5, December 2015, Pages 1997–1998, ... (d. 1651), supplemented by other sources, including the reports of Western and non-Arab Ottoman travellers to Syria and Egypt. Sara Scalenghe has organized these diffuse and voluminous materials ...

Sara Scalenghe. Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500 ...

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Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500-1800: Scalenghe ...

Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500-1800 is the first book-length historical study of blindness, deafness, intersex, and madness in the Middle East and North Africa from the perspective of disability. Unlike previous scholarly works that examine disability as discussed in religious texts such as the Qur'an and the Hadith, this study focuses on representations and experiences of impairments across a wide range of sources, including chronicles, biographical dictionaries, medicine, and ...

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Disability In The Ottoman Arab World 150 Free adds significantly to our understanding of disability in early modern Islamic culture and society. Until fairly recently, there has been no word for 'disability' in Arabic. Disability in the Ottoman Arab world, 1500–1800 ... Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500-1800 is the first book-length historical

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Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500-1800. [Sara Scalenghe] -- This book is the first on the history of both physical and mental disabilities in the Middle East and North Africa during Ottoman rule.

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Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500–1800 eBook by ...

In Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500–1800, Scalenghe challenges scholars to engage with alternative models of disability in a book that adds significantly to our understanding of disability in early modern Islamic culture and society. Until fairly recently, there has been no word for 'disability' in Arabic. In earlier

Book reviews

Disability in the Ottoman Arab World, 1500-1800 . Saved in: Level B: Classmark: NS362.4 / 745237

This book is the first on the history of both physical and mental disabilities in the Middle East and North Africa during Ottoman rule.

In this seminal study, Jane Hathaway presents a wide-ranging reassessment of the effects of Ottoman rule on the Arab Lands of Egypt, Greater Syria, Iraq and Yemen - the first of its kind in over forty years. Challenging outmoded perceptions of this period as a demoralizing prelude to the rise of Arab nationalism and Arab nation-states in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries, Hathaway depicts an era of immense social, cultural, economic and political change which helped to shape the foundations of today's modern Middle and Near East. Taking full advantage of a wide range of Arabic and Ottoman primary sources, she examines the changing fortunes of not only the political elite but also the broader population of merchants, shopkeepers, peasants, tribal populations, religious scholars, women, and ethnic and religious minorities who inhabited this diverse and volatile region. With masterly concision and clarity, Hathaway guides the reader through all the key current approaches to and debates surrounding Arab society during this period. This is far more than

just another political history; it is a global study which offers an entirely new perspective on the era and region as a whole.

Medieval Arab notions of physical difference can feel singularly arresting for modern audiences. Did you know that blue eyes, baldness, bad breath and boils were all considered bodily 'blights', as were cross eyes, lameness and deafness? What assumptions about bodies influenced this particular vision of physical difference? How did blighted people view their own bodies? Through close analyses of anecdotes, personal letters, (auto)biographies, erotic poetry, non-binding legal opinions, diaristic chronicles and theological tracts, the cultural views and experiences of disability and difference in the medieval Islamic world are brought to life.

Disability history exists outside of the institutions, healers, and treatments it often brings to mind. It is a history where disabled people live not just as patients or cure-seekers, but rather as people living differently in the world--and it is also a history that helps define the fundamental concepts of identity, community, citizenship, and normality. The Oxford Handbook of Disability History is the first volume of its kind to represent this history and its global scale, from ancient Greece to British West Africa. The twenty-seven articles, written by thirty experts from across the field, capture the diversity and liveliness of this emerging scholarship. Whether discussing disability in modern Chinese cinema or on the American antebellum stage, this collection provides new and valuable insights into the rich and varied lives of disabled people across time and place.

History and evolution of Christian and Jewish communities in the Ottoman empire over 400 years.

Arabs and Young Turks provides a detailed study of Arab politics in the late Ottoman Empire as viewed from the imperial capital in Istanbul. In an analytical narrative of the Young Turk period (1908-1918) historian Hasan Kayali discusses Arab concerns on the one hand and the policies of the Ottoman government toward the Arabs on the other. Kayali's novel use of documents from the Ottoman archives, as well as Arabic sources and Western and Central European documents, enables him to reassess conventional wisdom on this complex subject and to present an original appraisal of proto-nationalist ideologies as the longest-living Middle Eastern dynasty headed for collapse. He demonstrates the persistence and resilience of the supranational ideology of Islamism which overshadowed Arab and Turkish ethnic nationalism in this crucial transition period. Kayali's study reaches back to the nineteenth century and highlights both continuity and change in Arab-Turkish relations from the reign of Abdulhamid II to the constitutional period ushered in by the revolution of 1908. Arabs and Young Turks is essential for an understanding of contemporary issues such as Islamist politics and the continuing crises of nationalism in the Middle East.

The Ottomans ruled much of the Arab World for four centuries. Bruce Masters's work surveys this period, emphasizing the cultural and social changes that occurred against the backdrop of the political realities that Arabs experienced as subjects of the Ottoman sultans. The persistence of Ottoman rule over a vast area for several centuries required that some Arabs collaborate in the imperial enterprise. Masters highlights the role of two social classes that made the empire successful: the Sunni Muslim religious scholars, the ulama, and the urban notables, the acyan. Both groups identified with the Ottoman sultanate and were its firmest backers, although for different reasons. The ulama legitimated the Ottoman state as a righteous Muslim sultanate, while the acyan emerged as the dominant political and

economic class in most Arab cities due to their connections to the regime. Together, the two helped to maintain the empire.

Despite a proliferation of special education literature on racial minorities over the past three decades, research and writing on Arab American children with disabilities remain remarkably sparse. This book fills that gap by promoting culturally appropriate services for Arab American children with disabilities. Special education and service providers in the U.S.—including school psychologists, rehabilitation counselors, and social workers—are increasingly likely to work with Arab Americans with disabilities. By focusing on this marginalized minority population, Al Khatib provides much-needed context and direction for service providers and researchers working with the Arab American community. Offering an overview of special education and the rights guaranteed under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), this book also helps Arab American families understand the special education process and advocate for their children.

The Arab Lands under Ottoman Rule assesses the effects of Ottoman rule on the Arab Lands of Egypt, Greater Syria, Iraq, and Yemen between 1516 and 1800. Drawing attention to the important history of these regions, the book challenges outmoded perceptions of this period as a demoralizing prelude to the rise of Arab nationalism and Arab nation-states in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. As well as exploring political events and developments, it delves into the extensive social, cultural, and economic changes that helped to shape the foundations of today's modern Middle and Near East. In doing so, it provides a detailed view of society, incorporating all socio-economic classes, as well as women, religious minorities, and slaves. This second edition has been significantly revised and updated and reflects the developments in research and scholarship since the publication of the first edition. Engaging with a wide range of primary sources and enhanced by a variety of maps and images to illustrate the text, *The Arab Lands under Ottoman Rule* is a unique and essential resource for students of early modern Ottoman history and the early modern Middle East.

Sacrificial Limbs chronicles the everyday lives and political activism of disabled veterans of Turkey's Kurdish war, one of the most volatile conflicts in the Middle East. Through nuanced ethnographic portraits, Açıksöz examines how veterans' experiences of war and disability are closely linked to class, gender, and ultimately the embrace of ultranationalist right-wing politics. Bringing the reader into military hospitals, commemorations, political demonstrations, and veterans' everyday spaces of care, intimacy, and activism, *Sacrificial Limbs* provides a vivid analysis of the multiple and sometimes contradictory forces that fashion veterans' bodies, political subjectivities, and communities. It is essential reading for students and scholars interested in anthropology, masculinity, and disability.

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